Beyond **Incineration:**

Best Waste Management Strategies for Montgomery County, Maryland

Prioritizing:

- Cost-effectiveness
- Human health & safety
- Climate protection
- Continuous waste reduction

Prepared for:

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Institute for Local Self-Reliance

www.energyjustice.net/md/beyond.pdf





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the county's waste.

Find the plan <u>here</u>.

analysis (LCA) of

Results on the next two slides.

incineration vs. landfilling for

Montgomery County, PA has

demolition waste incinerator,

a trash and construction &

which is the county's #1

This report was done at the

request of County Executive

Marc Elrich, and includes a

comprehensive life cycle

industrial air polluter.

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Incineration vs. Landfilling

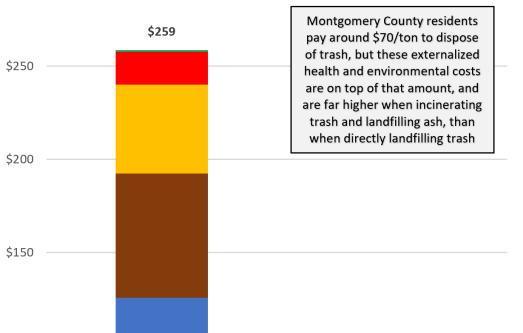
Health & Environmental Impacts per Ton of Waste Disposed at Montgomery County Trash Incinerator vs. Landfills in the Region

\$300

\$100

\$50

MCRRF Incinerator



\$80

Landfills

Montgomery County Resource
Recovery Facility (MCRRF) <u>trash</u>
<u>incinerator is 3.2 times as harmful for</u>
<u>health and environment as landfills</u> in
the region (a composite of 10 regional
landfills in PA, VA & OH).

<u>Source:</u> Life Cycle Analysis (LCA) from 2021 report, "Beyond Incineration: Best Waste Management Strategies for Montgomery County, Maryland" <u>www.energyjustice.net/md/moco</u>

Similar results found in analyses of Covanta incinerators in Delaware County, PA, Fairfax County, VA, and Honolulu, HI

Four other impacts
(eutrophication, acidification, ecosystems toxicity, ozone depletion)

Toxics
(cancer, birth defects, learning disabilities...)

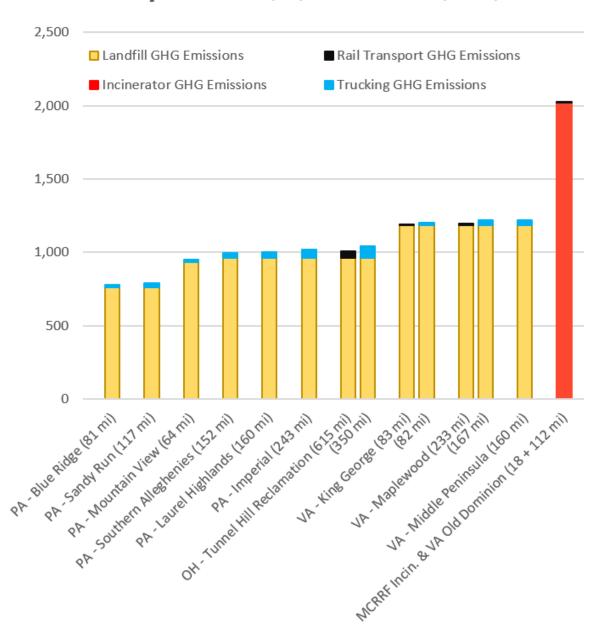
Smog formation
(asthma attacks & respiratory distress)

Particulate Matter
(heart attacks, stroke, COPD...)

Greenhouse Gases
(climate change)

Transportation Impacts Insignificant

20-year CO2e (lbs/ton of waste disposed)



Transportation climate impacts (blue/black) are minor compared to incineration (red) or landfilling (yellow), and no realistic transportation distance can justify incinerating in-county over hauling waste to distant landfills.

Source: Life Cycle Analysis (LCA) from 2021 report, "Beyond Incineration: Best Waste Management Strategies for Montgomery County, Maryland" www.energyjustice.net/md/moco



Delaware County's Path Toward Zero Waste



NPS/Michael Cuff

Delaware County, Pennsylvania Municipal Waste Management Plan 2023-2033 Non-Substantial Revision

Office of Sustainability March 2024





Delaware County, PA is home to the nation's largest waste incinerator, in the City of Chester. It is the largest industrial air polluter in the county, and the county is now moving away from incineration.

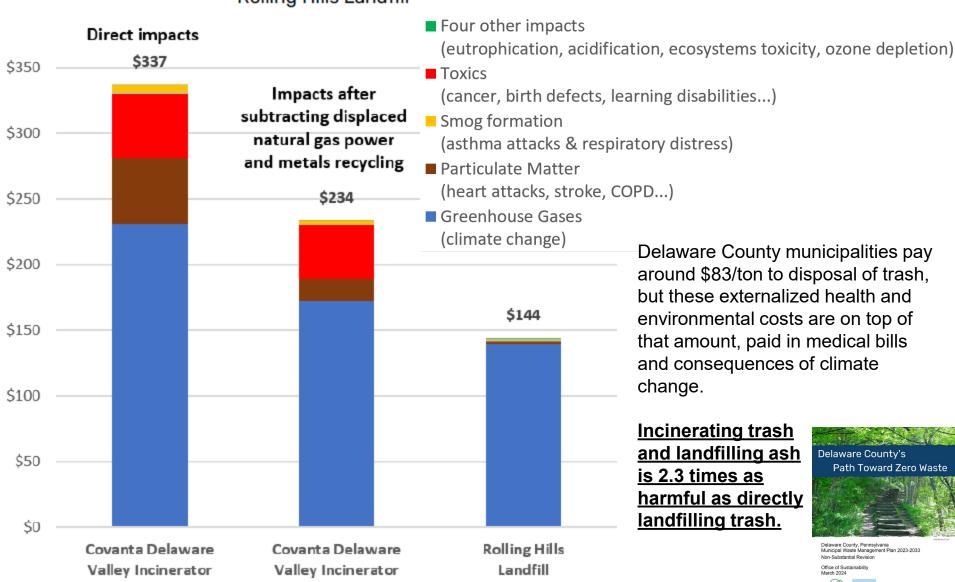
The county's Zero Waste Plan includes a comprehensive life cycle analysis (LCA) of incineration vs. landfilling vs. zero waste.

Find the draft plan <u>here</u> and the LCA summary and full writeup <u>here</u>.

Results on the next few slides.

Incineration vs. Landfilling

Health & Environmental Impacts per Ton of Waste Disposed at Covanta Delaware Valley Incinerator vs. Rolling Hills Landfill



(offsets)

(no offsets)

Delaware County municipalities pay around \$83/ton to disposal of trash. but these externalized health and environmental costs are on top of that amount, paid in medical bills and consequences of climate change.

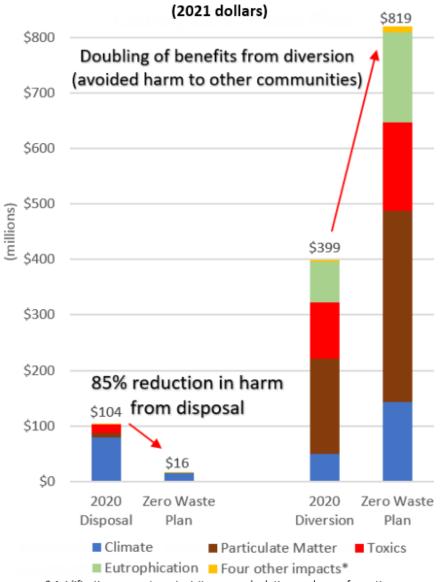
Incinerating trash and landfilling ash is 2.3 times as harmful as directly landfilling trash.







Annual Health and Environmental Impacts of Implementing Delaware County Zero Waste Plan



^{*} Acidification, ecosystems toxicity, ozone depletion, and smog formation

85% reduction of disposal impacts from a combination of diverting materials from disposal, and switching from incineration (and landfilling ash) to direct use of landfilling.

While the last chart looked at externalized health and environmental costs per ton, this looks at the entire impact of Delaware County's waste system (all tons in a year), showing \$104 million dollars of health and environmental costs per year.

Adopting the Zero Waste Plan (ending incineration and reducing waste) cuts those harms by 85%, while the benefits (avoided harms) that already happen from current recycling efforts (about \$400 million a year) would be doubled.

Examples of these avoided harms are not needing to log or mine new raw materials because we're now consuming less, reusing/repairing, recycling and composting.



Municipal Waste Management Plan 2023-20 Non-Substantial Revision

Office of Sustainabilir



Transportation Impacts Insignificant

Yellow lines show difference between hauling from two transfer stations 3 and 13 miles from the incinerator (last bar) vs. trucking all trash to landfill 60 miles away (first 3 bars)

